Supplementary Online Content


eTable. Studies of Oculomotor Function and Pathologic Abnormalities in ALS (Chronically)
eReferences

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.
<table>
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<th>Study</th>
<th>Subjects</th>
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</table>
| 1     | 24 ALS   | Bell phenomenon  
Voluntary gaze on command  
Pursuit movements  
Oculocephalic maneuvers | 15/24 Alteration of Bell phenomenon  
3/24 Impairment of conjugate ocular motility and upward gaze palsy |
| 2     | 1 BO ALS | Case report  
Postmortem pathology | Marked limitation of all extraocular movements progressing to complete ophthalmoplegia toward the time of death |
| 3     | 18 ALS   | EOG         | 11/18 Defective pursuit eye movements  
7/16 Abnormally large SWJs  
Saccades largely found normal except in 3 patients who demonstrated OKN |
| 4     | 10 ALS   | Eye movements  
Saccadic velocities  
Smooth pursuit | 4/10 Decreased saccadic or smooth pursuit velocities (all rapidly progressive ALS)  
1/4 Unidirectional saccadic pursuit  
1/4 Progressively decreasing saccade velocity |
| 5     | 1 BO ALS  
1 LO ALS | Case report  
Postmortem pathology | BO: Gaze-evoked rotatory nystagmus, horizontal nystagmus in the primary position, supranuclear paresis of horizontal and up-gaze  
LO: Rotatory nystagmus evoked by lateral gaze |
| 6     | 22 ALS   | Electronystagmography | Abnormalities of OKN, pursuit, and saccadic eye movements correlating with severity but not duration |
| 7     | 18 ALS   | Gaze on command in all planes  
Pursuit of examiner’s finger or face  
Bell phenomenon  
Corneal reflex | 5/9 Altered Bell phenomenon  
3/18 Slow ocular and eyelid movements  
2/18 Spasmodic gaze fixation  
5/18 Impersistence of continuous eyelid closure  
2/18 Dissociated movements of eyeballs and eyelids during corneal stimulation |
| 8     | 37 Lytico-Bodig (ALS-PD-dementia complex) | Eye movements | 12/37 Conjugate gaze limitation  
9/28 Slowing of saccades  
21/31 Jerky saccadic pursuit  
18/26 Abnormal cancellation of VOR  
6/31 Interruption of fixation  
9/36 Gaze-evoked horizontal nystagmus  
13/33 Abnormal OKN, ranging from no response to varied horizontal and vertical OKN  
15/27 Impaired/absent convergence  
21/31 Glabellar hyperreflexia (Myerson sign) |
| 9     | 4 “Locked-in” ALS | Bedside assessment | Loss of voluntary ocular movements  
Loss of pursuit over time with slowing of saccades  
Nystagmus in 1 patient |
| 10    | 23 ALS   
7 Kennedy syndrome  
2 Unclassified | Bedside assessment  
EOG | Clinically:  
11/32 Incomplete convergence was observed in 11 cases  
6/32 Horizontal gaze nystagmus was observed in 6 cases  
EOG:  
SWJs were recorded in 3 cases  
Amplitude ratio of saccade significantly higher in MND  
The degree of ocular dysmmetria significantly higher in MND |

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| Case report | Postmortem pathology | ALS | Study to monitor progression of voluntary motor impairment | ALS | Case report | Postmortem pathology | ALS | Ocular pursuit | Slow phases of OKN | Ability to suppress VOR | ALS | Random and fixed saccades | Smooth pursuit OKN (using EOG) | ALS | Bedside examination | Postmortem immunohistology | ALS | Pursuit gain | Optokineti... | Peak velocity | Percentage reduction of... | ALS | Sinusoidal smooth pursuit eye movements | ALS | Reflexive, remembered, and... | Smooth pursuit | ALS | EOG | Progressive changes on EOG | Intermittent changes with normal EOG (1 patient) and progressive changes on EOG | ALS | Eye movements | Slow vertical saccades, especially up-gaze |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------------|-----------------------|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Inability to close eyes voluntarily, with retention of reflex activity | Saccadic pattern on smooth pursuit | Positive glabellar hyperreflexia | Marked reduction in pursuit gain in severely affected patients | Asymmetric pursuit (leftward gain lower than rightward) | External ophthalmoplegia (predominantly supranuclear) | Slow saccades leading to slow eye movements | Nuclear palsy as evidenced by loss of doll’s eye phenomenon | Slow saccades and vertical gaze palsy suggestive of supranuclear ophthalmoplegia | Degeneration of substantia nigra | Impairment of saccade and pursuit eye movements seen only in patients with PD-ALS | Normal findings otherwise in patients without PD-ALS | Increased saccadic latencies | Decreased smooth pursuit gain | OKN (both mean and maximal velocity) unchanged | Clinically: | 3/27 Ophthalmoplegia | Histologically: | Same changes seen as in anterior horn (Bunina bodies, ubiquitin-positive skeinlike lesions, Lewy-body-like inclusions, conglomerate inclusions and spheroids) | Early onset ophthalmoplegia (5 mo after symptom onset) | Oculocephalic reflexes abolished | Decrease in saccade velocity | Oculomotor abnormalities in those with bulbar signs | Moderately affected patients showed an acceleration but not velocity saturation | Severely affected patients’ performance decreased with increased velocity | Latency in the anti-saccade and remembered saccades | Elevated error rates (distractibility) | No abnormality of reflexive saccades | 3/8 Progressive changes on EOG | 3/8 Intermittent changes with normal EOG (1 patient) and progressive changes on EOG | 2/8 Progressively pathologic | Slow vertical saccades, especially up-gaze | © 2011 American Medical Association. All rights reserved.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1 LO ALS</th>
<th>Postmortem pathology</th>
<th>Cell loss in the rostral interstitial nucleus of the medial longitudinal fasciculus and substantia nigra</th>
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<td>25</td>
<td>1 BO ALS</td>
<td>Case report Postmortem pathology</td>
<td>Progressive supranuclear ophthalmoplegia</td>
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<td>1 &quot;Suspected&quot; ALS</td>
<td>Case report Postmortem pathology</td>
<td>Vertical gaze palsy and impairment of saccades Degenerative process severely affecting the lower motor neurons, and the neurons of the pars compacta of the substantia nigra among other structures</td>
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<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>1 BO ALS</td>
<td>Case report Postmortem pathology</td>
<td>Slow saccades in both vertical and horizontal planes</td>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>1 LO ALS</td>
<td>Eye movements</td>
<td>Vertical saccades markedly impaired. Vertical eye movements severely limited</td>
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<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>11 BO ALS</td>
<td>Eye movements VOG</td>
<td>9/11 Vertical saccade impairment 5/6 Slowing of saccades</td>
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<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>7 EE definite 19 EE probable 14 EE possible 4 EE suspected</td>
<td>Saccadic intrusion amplitude mean fixation period</td>
<td>Increased saccadic intrusion amplitude No difference in ocular fixation</td>
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<td>31</td>
<td>8 ALS 4 controls</td>
<td>Immunohistochemical analysis of EOMs</td>
<td>Reduced proportion of MyHC slow tonic fibers in ALS Absent MyHC embryonic in ALS EOMs notably preserved compared with the limb muscles in ALS</td>
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<td>32</td>
<td>14 BO ALS 30 LO ALS 45 Controls</td>
<td>Infrared oculography (saccades, antisaccades, and pursuit) Neuropsychology</td>
<td>Reflexive saccades slower in BO compared with LO and controls Antisaccade latency and antisaccade type 1 errors increased in ALS Antisaccade errors and velocity gain correlated with neuropsychology impairment</td>
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<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>1 LO ALS</td>
<td>Eye movements</td>
<td>Low-amplitude ocular flutter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Abbreviations: ALS, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; BO, bulbar-onset; EE, el-escorial; EOG, electro-oculography; EOM, extraocular muscles; LO, limb-onset; MyHC, myosin heavy chain; MND, motor neuron disease; OKN, optokinetic nystagmus; PD, Parkinson disease; PLS, primary lateral sclerosis; PMA, progressive muscular atrophy; SWJ, square wave jerk; VOG, vestibulo-oculography; VOR, vestibulo-ocular reflex.
References


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